

Is my QA process successful?

“Decide it with Metrics”



Mesut Durukal



mesutdurukal



DurukalMesut



mesutdurukal.com



November,
2020

Agenda



Introduction

Necessity

Benefits



Metrics

Optimization

Customization

Categories

Hazardous Metrics



Practical Application



Summary

Introduction



Why should we use metrics?

Current evaluation

Future projection



Answers to questions

- How long will it take to test?
- How much money will it take to test?
- How bad are the bugs?
- How many bugs found were fixed, reopened, closed, deferred?
- How many bugs did the test team did not find?
- How much of the software was tested?
- Will testing be done on time?
- Can the software be shipped on time?
- How effective were the tests?
- Are we using low-value test cases?
- What is the cost of testing?
- Was the test effort adequate?
- Could we have fit more testing in this release?

Further Implications

- Take decision for next phase of activities
- Evidence of the claim or prediction
- Understand the type of improvement required
- Take decision on process or technology change



Quality Metrics



Optimization of Metrics

How to select best to get an idea about success

- Passed test case percentage
- Failed test case percentage
- Blocked test case percentage
- Test Case Productivity
- Total number of test cases
- Number of tests run per time
- Test Design Efficiency
- Test Review Efficiency
- Average time to test a fix/feature
- Average time to test the full set
- Rework Ratio
- False Alarm Ratio
- Automation Rate
- Bugs found after release ratio
- Bug find rate
- Number of bugs per test
- Defects per Requirement
- Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF)
- Defect Removal Efficiency
- Fixed defects percentage
- Accepted defects percentage
- Distribution by age
- Critical Defects Percentage
- Defect Severity Index (DSI)
- Defect Resolution Time
- Requirement coverage percentage
- Test Cases by Requirement
- Requirements without Test Coverage
- Total allocated costs for testing
- Actual cost of testing
- Budget variance
- Schedule Variance
- Bugs found by tests ratio
- Bugs found by review ratio
- Defects rejected percentage
- Deferred defects percentage
- Execution coverage percentage

Did I choose the best metrics?

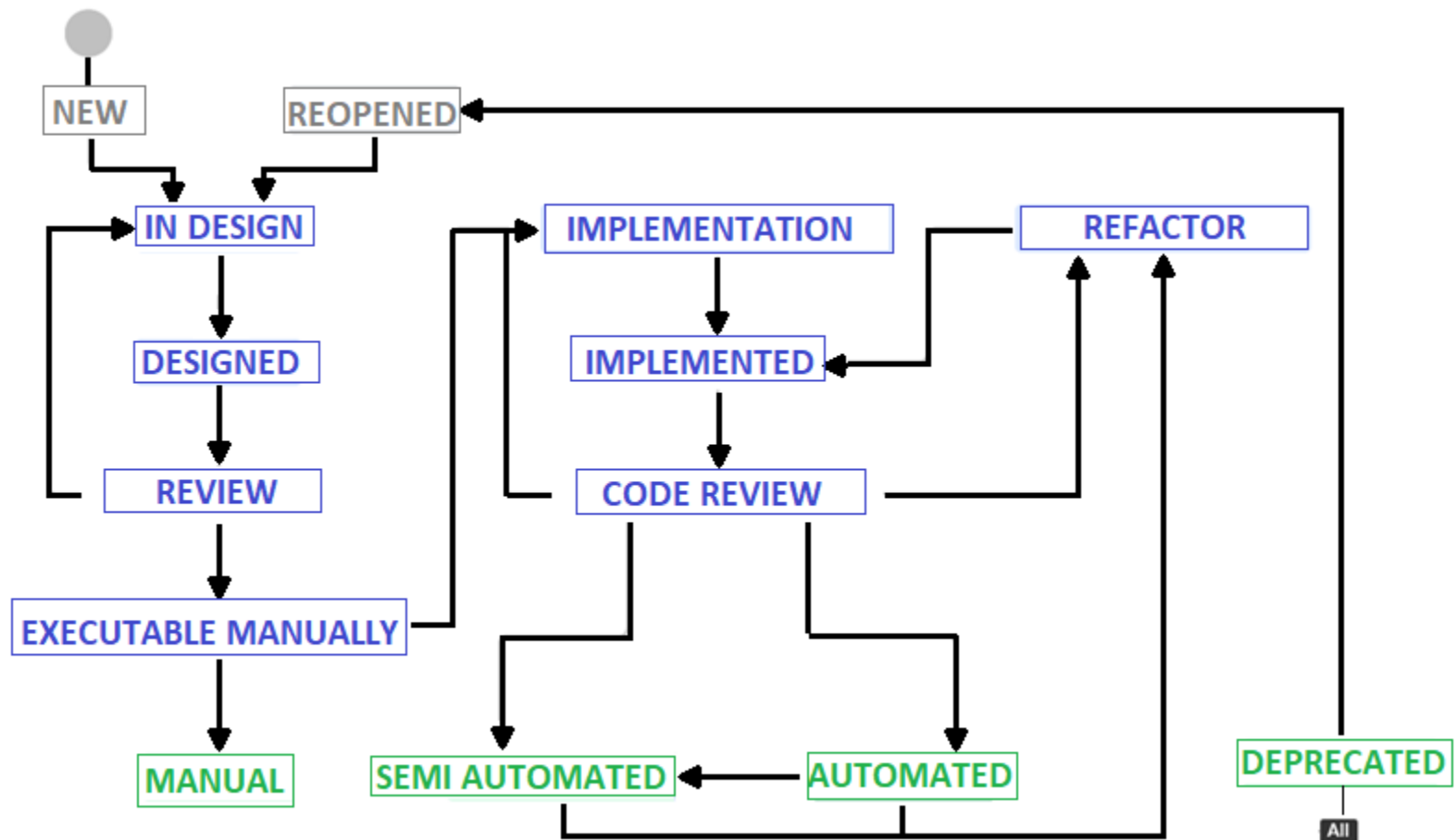
- Correlation
- Consistency
- Tracking
- Predictability
- Discriminative power
- Reliability



Cem Kaner

Customization

Time Elapsed for each step in Test Design



Customization

We add a custom field for tracking

```
<title>AWS Mindsphere JIRA</title>
<link>https://jira.mindsphere-tools.siemens.cloud</link>
<item>
  <title>[QAGP-59] EventManagement: Create custom events in a
  <link>https://jira.mindsphere-tools.siemens.cloud/browse/QA
  <project id="11105" key="QAGP">QA - Gone productive</projec
  <description><p>Create custom event types as admin user from
  from them.</p> <p> </p> <p>Hint for implementation: should
  <key id="51963">QAGP-59</key>
  <summary>EventManagement: Create custom events in all possi
  <type id="10800" iconUrl="
  https://jira.mindsphere-tools.siemens.cloud/download/resour
  <priority id="10301" iconUrl="https://jira.mindsphere-tools
  </priority>
  <status id="12006" iconUrl="https://jira.mindsphere-tools.s
  case automated and ready to execute it as code / script.">A
  <statusCategory id="3" key="done" colorName="green"/>
  <resolution id="-1">Unresolved</resolution>
  <assignee username="Z003DDNF">D, Mesut</assignee>
  <reporter username="Z00365FU">VG, Christina</reporter>
  <customfields>
    <customfield id="customfield_15301" key="com.atlassian.
      <customfieldname>Average Execution Duration</custom
      <customfieldvalues>
        <customfieldvalue>18.0</customfieldvalue>
      </customfieldvalues>
    </customfield>
  </customfields>
</item>
```

```
[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "iid": 1,
    "project_id": 3,
    "title": "test1",
    "description": "fixed login page css paddin
    "state": "merged",
    "merged_by": {
      "id": 87854,
      "name": "Douwe Maan",
      "username": "DouweM"
    },
    "merged_at": "2018-09-07T11:16:17.520Z",
    "closed_by": null,
    "closed_at": null,
    "created_at": "2017-04-29T08:46:00Z",
    "updated_at": "2017-04-29T08:46:00Z",
    "target_branch": "master",
    "source_branch": "test1",
```

Time

- Average time to test a fix/feature
Blocking fast release: not success
- Average time to test the full set
- MTTF, MTBF
- Mean Defect Resolution Time
Defect distribution by age
- Schedule slippage



$$\frac{(\text{Actual end date} - \text{Estimated end date})}{(\text{Planned End Date} - \text{Planned Start Date}) \times 100}$$

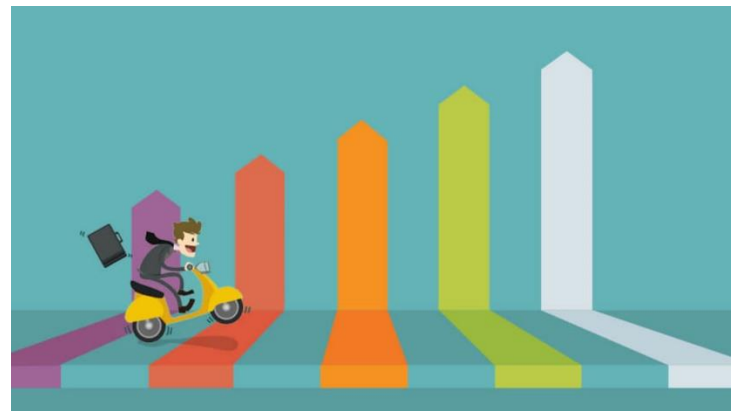
Cost

- Total allocated cost
 - How many people are you allocating for QA?
 - Other resources
- Execution costs
 - Too many executions: AWS cost. (Stability)
- Cost for tools/licenses
- Budget variance



Quality

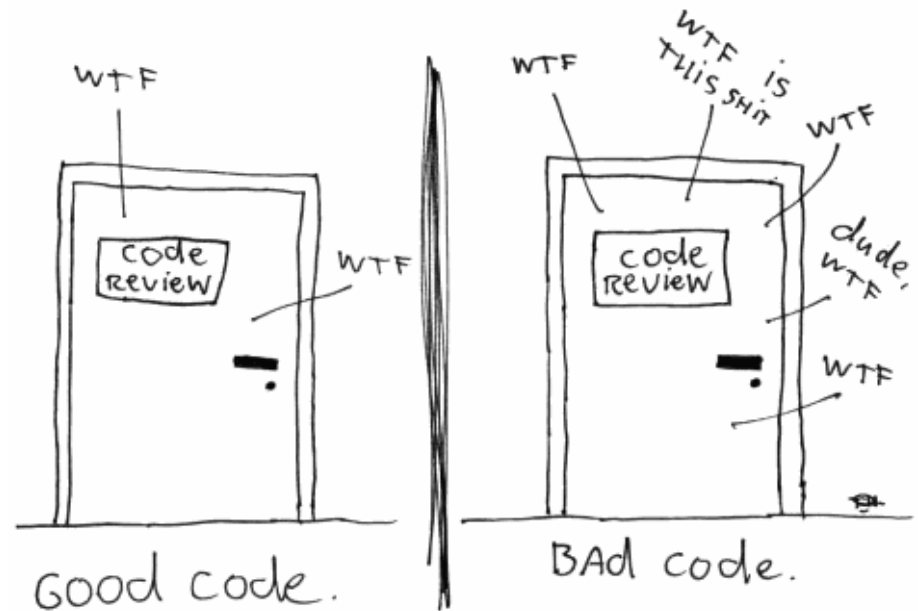
- Test Cases Status (Passed/Failed/Blocked test case percentage)
- Defects per requirement
- Defects status (Fixed Ratio)
- Defects severity distribution (Critical / total)
 - Defect Severity Index (DSI) = (Defect * Severity Level) / Total defect number
- Non-functional aspects: performance, usability, compatibility



Inner Quality

- Method name length
- Method line length
- Code complexity
- Code coverage

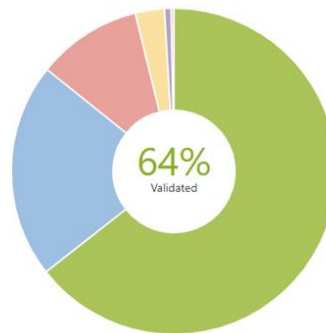
The ONLY valid measurement
of code quality: WTFs/minute



A Reference for Quality Bugs

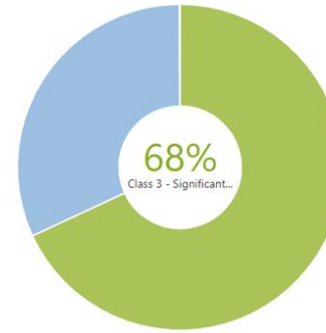
Status
Total Issues: 18437

Validated	11877	Open	534
CANCELLED	3933	In Progress	122
Done	1921	To Do	50

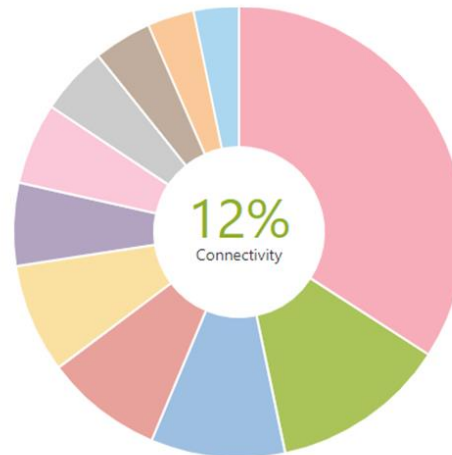


Severity Class
Total Issues: 1329

Class 3 - Significant functional limitati...	905
Class 2 - Critical function defect	423
Class 1 - Defect relevant for service and ...	1



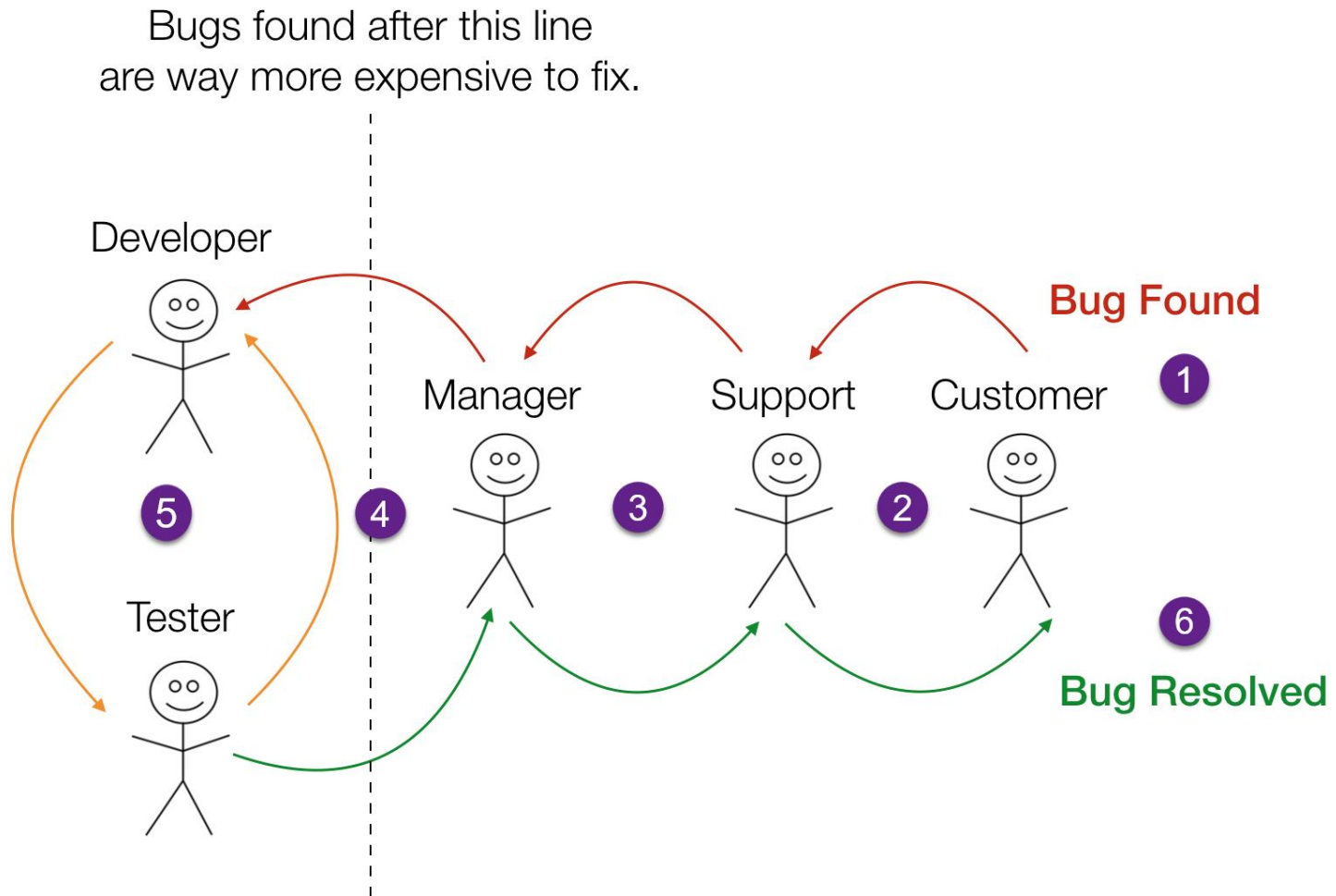
Developer	152
Edge	127
Ops	108
Connectivity	87
Analytics	84
Other...	886



Area
Total Issues: 2597

Connectivity	327
Core	250
IoT & Storage	219
Developer_Operator	203
Starter	154

Escaped Bugs



Efficiency

- Productivity

- Test Design Efficiency
(nr of test designed / time)
- Test Review Efficiency
(nr of test reviewed / time)
- Test execution efficiency
(nr of test run / time)
- Rework Effort Ratio
(refactoring/new implementation)
- False Alarm Ratio

- Maturity

- Total number of test cases
- Automation Rate

- Coverage

- Test execution coverage
(nr of test run / total test nr)
- Requirement coverage
(nr of requirements covered / total requirements)
- Test case number per requirement

- Bugs

- Distribution of bugs in stages
(static code -> unit -> e2e -> customers!)
- Density
(total nr of defects / test case)
- Defect acceptance rate
(accepted / total)

This time:

Emotional Metrics

- Satisfaction
- Delight
- Pride
- Core Values
- Know-How
- Cultural Memory



Hazardous Metrics

- Story points
- Bug number
- Anything that is strict count





Practical Application



Practical Application

Automatically Collect Metrics over Jira Continuously

```
public HashMap<String, Long> measureDefectResolutionDurationPerArea() {
    String jql = "type = Bug AND status in (Validated) AND creator in " + reporterList + " and area = ";

    ArrayList<String> suiteList = getSuiteList();
    HashMap<String, Long> defectResolutionDurations = new HashMap<String, Long>();

    for (String suite : suiteList) {
        Promise<SearchResult> searchJqlPromise = jiraRestClient.getSearchClient().searchJql(jql + suite, 1000, 0,
            null);
        SearchResult claim = searchJqlPromise.claim();
        int totalNumberOfBugsPerSuite = claim.getTotal();

        long totalResolutionDurationInHoursPerArea = 0;
        long avgResolutionDuration = 0;
        if (totalNumberOfBugsPerSuite != 0) {
            for (Issue issue : claim.getIssues()) {
                DateTime creationDate = issue.getCreationDate();
                LocalDateTime creationDateInLocalDateTime = LocalDateTime
                    .parse(creationDate.toString().substring(0, 23), DATETIMEFORMATTER);
                long creationDateInSeconds = creationDateInLocalDateTime.toEpochSecond(ZoneOffset.UTC);

                String resolutionDateInString = (String) issue.getFieldByName("Resolved").getValue();
                LocalDateTime resolutionDateInLocalDateTime = LocalDateTime
                    .parse(resolutionDateInString.substring(0, 23), DATETIMEFORMATTER);
                long resolutionDateInSeconds = resolutionDateInLocalDateTime.toEpochSecond(ZoneOffset.UTC);

                long diffInSeconds = resolutionDateInSeconds - creationDateInSeconds;
                long diffInHours = diffInSeconds / 3600;

                totalResolutionDurationInHoursPerArea = totalResolutionDurationInHoursPerArea + diffInHours;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

🔍 "totalNumberOfBugsPerSuite"= 94

94

Practical Application

Not to lose any data: Upload all to Cloudwatch

```
logger.info("Read Credentials over config file and Connect");
AmazonCloudWatch cw = new CloudWatchHelper().getAwsCloudWatch();

HashMap<String, Integer> myMap = new HashMap<String, Integer>();
myMap.put("Alice", 52);
myMap.put("Bob", 53);
myMap.put("Mesut", 54);
myMap.put("Ahmet", 55);

for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> entry : myMap.entrySet()) {

    String key = entry.getKey();
    Double value = entry.getValue().doubleValue();

    Dimension dimension = new Dimension().withName("Children").withValue(key);
    MetricDatum datum = new MetricDatum().withMetricName("Their Notes").withUnit(StandardUnit.None)
        .withValue(value).withDimensions(dimension);

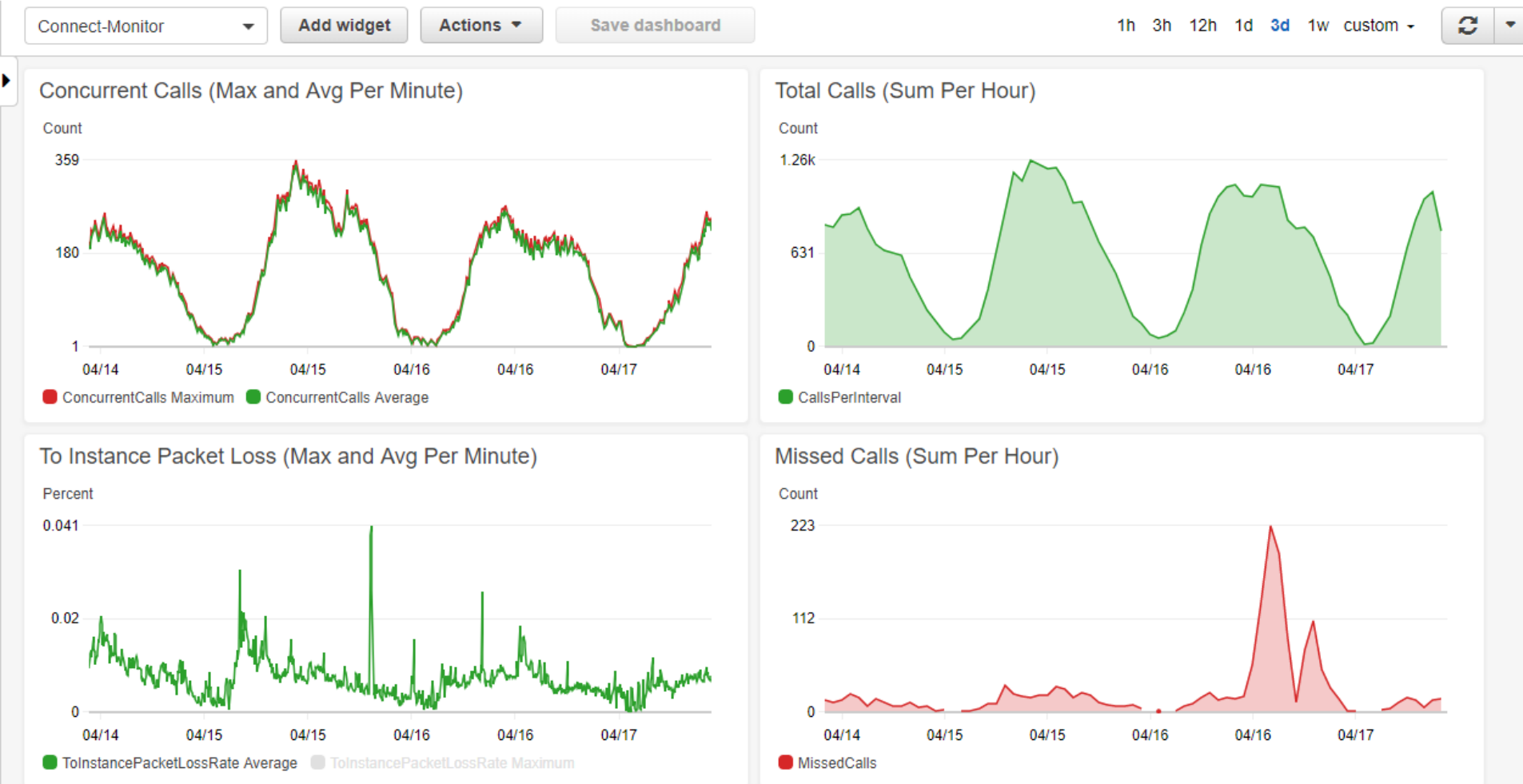
    PutMetricDataRequest request = new PutMetricDataRequest().withNamespace("Notes of Children in My Class")
        .withMetricData(datum);

    cw.putMetricData(request);
}
```



Practical Application

Use Dashboards for Monitoring: Grafana



CONCLUSION



BEST PRACTiCE



- Optimize
- Customize
- Categorize
- Hybridize
- Interpret

[illegible]